

Larchwood Primary School



Music Progression

EYFS

EYFS Expressive Arts and Design Educational Programme (Statutory)

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Knowledge and Skills

- Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.
- Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.
- Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.
- Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.
- Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.

ELG: Being imaginative and expressive

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher;
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs;
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and when appropriate try to move in time with music.

Skills	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Perform	Using voices	Using voices	Using voices	Using voices	Using voices	Using voices
	Sing with a sense of enjoyment.	Convey the meaning or mood of	Show an increasing accuracy in	Sing songs in a variety of styles	Sing confidently in a wide range	Sing confidently in a wide range
		a song.	pitch, longer phrases, posture,	with an increasing awareness of	of styles showing musical	of styles with musical
	Sing songs with increasing vocal		breath and diction.	the tone of their voice and	expression, communicating the	expression.
	control. (in tune/breathing at	Sing with more accuracy in		musical expression (dynamics,	mood and character of a song.	
	the right time)	pitch, diction and dynamics.	Sing an increasing number of	tempo, reflecting the mood and		Sing confidently in front of an
			songs from memory and	character of the song)	Perform a song from memory	audience.
	Sing in time to the pulse .	Repeat short melodic phrases.	recognise the structure .		with attention to phrasing,	
				Sing confidently as part of a	dynamics, accuracy of pitch and	Sing confidently as part of a
	Co-ordinate actions to go with a	Using classroom instruments	Demonstrate an awareness of	small group or solo being aware	for an occasion.	two-part song.
	song.	Play with control:	character or style.	of posture and diction.		
		a) Maintaining the pulse			Sing a simple second part to a	Maintain own part in a more
	Using classroom instruments				two-part song.	complex round.

	Play in time to the pulse .	b) Getting faster or	Chant or sing a round in two	Sing two/three-part rounds with		
	Barrant a situa abadhar (bada	slower (tempo)	parts.	more confidence and increasing	Maintain own part in a round.	
	Repeat a given rhythm (body percussion or instrument).	c) Getting louder or quieter (dynamics)		accuracy.	Using classroom instruments	Using classroom instruments
	percussion of mistrumenty.	Perform a rhythmic	Using classroom instruments	Using classroom instruments	Perform on a range of	Maintain own part as part of an
	Play a repeated rhythm along to	accompaniment to a song.	Keep a steady beat on an	Play music that includes rests.	instruments as part of a group.	ensemble.
	a song.		instrument in a group or			
		Play a 2-note melody to	individually.	Maintain 2 or more different	Read and play with confidence	Read and play with confidence
	Play a single pitched note to	accompany a song.	Copy a short melodic phrase by	patterns simultaneously in a small group.	from a traditional and/or graphic score.	from a traditional and graphic score.
	accompany a song.	Follow simple hand instructions	ear on a pitched instrument.	Siliali group.	graphic score.	score.
	Follow simple hand instructions	- loud/quiet and start/stop	car on a pitenea moti ament.	Play by ear – find known	Extend the length of phrases	Perform with sensitivity to
	 loud/quiet and start/stop 	Show confidence in performing	Play using symbols including	phrases using tuned percussion.	being played by ear.	musical expression.
		as an individual and as part of a	graphic and/or traditional			
		group.	scores.	Read and play from some	Perform with an increasing	Play longer phrases and
			Use tuned percussion with	traditional music symbols.	awareness of musical expression.	melodies by ear.
			increasing confidence and	Play to an audience with	expression.	Lead/conduct a group of
			accuracy.	increasing confidence.	Know what makes a good	performers.
			•		performance.	
			Follow simple hand directions	Follow a leader,		Know what makes a good
			from a leader.	stopping/starting, getting faster/slower (tempo) and		performance.
				louder/quieter. (dynamics)		
a)	Add sound effects to a story.	Create short melodic phrases.	Explore the different sounds	Explore sounds to create	Consider the interrelated	Confidently use the interrelated
Compose			one instrument can make	particular effects (timbre)	dimensions of music when	dimensions of music to create
Ē	Explore different sounds made	Create repeated rhythmic	(timbre).		experimenting with sound.	different compositions.
3	by the voice and hands (timbre)	phrases.	Create reveile which has	Explore the use of silence (rests)	Has ICT to supply different	Has ICT to supply different
	Explore making rhythmic	Explore the rhythmic patterns of	Create music which has different rhythms , tempi ,	Create music with different	Use ICT to create different sounds.	Use ICT to create different sounds.
	patterns.	words and sentences.	pitches and dynamics.	moods using dynamics , tempi ,	Sourius.	Sourius.
			,	timbres, pitches, rhythms.	Explore textures created by	Take inspiration from different
	Explore making high/low sounds	Explore how sounds can be	Explore how the interrelated		layering rhythmic and/or	musical styles to compose.
	(pitch), long/short sounds	changed to create a mood.	dimensions of music can be	Create simple rhythmic	melodic patterns.	
	(rhythm), loud/quiet sounds (dynamics), fast/slow sounds	Explore changes in pitch and	combined to create a	accompaniments to a song using		
	(tempo)	rhythm.	composition.	repeated patterns.		
Transcribe	Recognise the notes CDEFG and	Recognise notes CDEFGAB and C	Recognise notes CDEFGAB and C	Recognise notes EGBDF and	Recognise and use notes EGBDF	Recognise and use notes EGBDF
	A on the musical stave.	on the musical stave.	on the musical stave.	FACE on the musical stave.	and FACE on the musical stave.	and FACE on the musical stave.
T a	Recognise the symbol for a crotchet and say how many	Recognise the symbol for a crotchet and a quaver and say	Recognise the symbol for a	Recognise the symbol for a crotchet, minim, semibreve and	Recognise and use the symbol	Recognise and use the symbol for a crotchet, minim,
	beats it is worth.	how many beats they are worth.	crotchet, quaver and minim and	quaver and say how many beats	for a crotchet, minim, semibreve, quaver and dotted	semibreve, quaver and dotted
		. , ,		they are worth.	Seminieve, quaver and dotted	2 2, 4:1 2 1 1 2 2 2

	Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and create own symbols. Sequence these symbols to make a simple structure.	Use graphics/symbols to show music with long/short sounds (rhythm), high/low sounds (pitch), loud/quiet sounds (dynamics).	say how many beats they are worth. Start to use note names in written compositions. Start to show changes in dynamics in their written compositions.	Become more confident in using note names in written compositions. Start to use crescendo (getting louder) and diminuendo (getting quieter).	minim and say how many beats they are worth. Confidently show changes in dynamics in their written compositions. Start to use pp, p, mp, mf, f and ff in their written compositions. Record music in a variety of ways (graphic scores/notation)	minim and say how many beats they are worth. Understand the use of the # (sharp) or b (flat) symbols. Understand the use of treble and bass clefs. Use pp, p, mp, mf, f and ff in their written compositions. Record music in a variety of ways (graphic scores/notation)
Describe Music	Move in time to a steady beat. Recognise the sounds of percussion instruments used in the classroom. Begin to use musical terms (louder/quieter (dynamics), faster/slower (tempo), higher/lower (pitch)) Begin to articulate how changes in speed, pitch and dynamics affect the mood.	Listen with increased concentration. Sort instruments into how they sound, or how they are played. Start to describe sounds (smooth, scratchy, clicking, ringing – timbre) Begin to use musical terms to describe the mood (eg, it is sad because the music is played slowly and quietly).	Listen with concentration to longer extracts/pieces. Listen to different kinds of music and identify A steady beat/no steady beat. Specific rhythm patterns. The speed (tempo) The volume (dynamics) Identify repetition in music eg a song with a chorus. Recognise and describe the sounds made by common instrumental sounds (guitar, piano, violin, drums etc)	Recognise and talk about contrasting styles of music using appropriate musical language (tempo, dynamics, texture, timbre, structure) Recognise music from different genres identifying key elements that give it it's unique sound. Identify repeated rhythmic or melodic phrases in live or recorded music. Recognise the combined effect of layers of sound (texture)	Compare two pieces of instrumental music from different times and discuss similarities and differences. Distinguish differences in timbre and texture between a wide range of instruments and instrumental music. Use a wide range of musical vocabulary to discuss and describe different pieces of music.	Compare two pieces of instrumental music from different countries and discuss similarities and differences. Recognise and identify features of expression (phrasing, melody, harmony, different dynamics, tempo) Use a wide range of musical vocabulary to discuss and describe different pieces of music.