



Music Overview

Reception

EYFS Expressive Arts and Design Educational Programme (Statutory)

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

Knowledge and Skills

- Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.
- Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.
- Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.
- Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.
- Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.

ELG: Being imaginative and expressive

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher;
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs;
- Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and when appropriate try to move in time with music.

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	Theme	Key Objectives (Chris Quigley)	Knowledge and Skills	Theme	Key Objectives (Chris Quigley)	Knowledge and Skills	Theme	Key Objectives (Chris Quigley)	Knowledge and Skills
Year 1 1st Half	An Introduction to Music	 To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe 	Sing with a sense of enjoyment. Repeat a given rhythm. Explore different sounds made by the voice and body. Explore making high/low, long/short, loud/quiet, fast/slow sounds.	Latin Charanga	 To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe 	Sing with increasing vocal control. Sing in time to the pulse. Play in time to the pulse. Play a repeated rhythm along to a song. Play a single pitched note along to a song.	BBC Ten Pieces No Place Like	 To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe 	Recognise the note G on a stave. Recognise the symbol for a crotchet and say how many beats it is worth. Co-ordinate actions to go with a song. Explore and recognise different sounds.

Van 4			Use graphics/symbols to portray the sounds they have made. Sequence the symbols to make a structure. Move in time to a steady beat. Recognise sounds of percussion instruments in the classroom. Recognise the notes middle C and D on a stave.			Explore making rhythmic patterns. Begin to use musical terms louder/quieter, faster/slower, higher/lower. Recognise the notes E and F on the stave			Follow simple hand instructions – loud/quiet and start/stop. Begin to articulate how a change in speed, pitch and dynamics can change the mood.
Year 1 2 nd Half	Singing	> To describe music > To perform	Sing with a sense of enjoyment. Sing songs with increasing vocal control. (in tune/breathing at the right time) Sing in time to the pulse. Co-ordinate actions to go with a song.	Glockenspiels Charanga – Glocks Stage 1	 ➤ To describe music ➤ To perform 	Play in time to the pulse. Repeat a given rhythm (body percussion or instrument). Play a repeated rhythm along to a song. Play a single pitched note to accompany a song. Follow simple hand instructions — loud/quiet and start/stop	Composition	 To describe music To perform To compose To transcribe 	Add sound effects to a story. Explore different sounds made by the voice and hands (timbre) Explore making rhythmic patterns. Explore making high/low sounds (pitch), long/short sounds (rhythm), loud/quiet sounds (dynamics), fast/slow sounds (tempo) Recognise the notes CDEFG and A on the musical stave. Recognise the symbol for a crotchet and say how many beats it is worth.

Year 2 Singing 2nd Half	Convey the mean mood of a song Explore how so be changed to comood. Explore the rhypatterns of work sentences. Perform a rhythaccompaniment song. Create repeated rhythmic phrase. Recognise the middle C and D stave. To describe music To Sing with more in pitch, diction	unds can create the chmic ds and chmic to a chmic to a chmic to a chmic chmic to a chmic c	> To describe music	Repeat short melodic phrases. Create short melodic phrases. Explore changes in pitch and rhythm. Recognise the notes G, A and B on the stave. Recognise the symbol for a minim and say how many beats it is worth. Play with control: a) Maintaining the pulse b) Getting faster or slower (tempo)	Composition	> To describe music > To Perform	instructions – loud/quiet and start/stop. Show confidence when performing as an individual and part of a group. Recognise the notes E, D and F on the stave. Recognise the symbol for a crotchet and say how many beats it is worth. Create short melodic phrases. Create repeated rhythmic phrases.
Year 2 Friendship 1st Half	mood of a song Explore how so be changed to o mood.	charanga e sounds hy,) ms to ood. ening or . unds can create the	> To describe music > To Perform > To compose > To transcribe	phrases. Create short melodic phrases.	BBC Ten Pieces	> To describe music > To Perform > To compose > To transcribe	and start/stop. Show confidence when performing as an individual and part of a

		di manaisa			a) Catting I		Т -	
		dynamics.			c) Getting louder or quieter		> To compose	Explore the rhythmic
		Repeat short melodic phrases.			(dynamics) Perform a rhythmic		To transcribe	Patterns of words and sentences.
		pin doco.			accompaniment to a		cransense	Sericerioesi
					Play a 2-note melody to accompany a song.			Explore how sounds can Be changed to create a mood.
					Follow simple hand instructions			Explore changes in pitch and rhythm.
					loud/quiet and start/stop			Recognise notes CDEFGAB and C on the musical stave.
					Show confidence in performing as an individual and as part of a group.			Recognise the symbol for a crotchet and a quaver and say how many beats they are worth.
Year 3 Soul 1st Half Charanga	describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe	Listen with concentration to longer extracts/pieces. Identify repetition in music. Sing an increasing number of songs from memory and recognise the structure. Demonstrate an awareness of character and style. Show an increasing accuracy in breath and diction. Keep a steady beat on an instrument in a group or	BBC Ten Pieces The Little Train of Caipira	 To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe 	Recognise and describe sounds made by common instrumental sounds. Identify a steady beat/specific rhythmic patterns/the speed/ the volume of a piece of music. Show an increasing accuracy in pitch and longer phrases. Copy short melodic phrases by ear. Use tuned percussion with increasing confidence and accuracy. Explore the different	Ukuleles (Essex Music Hub)	 ➤ To describe music ➤ To Perform 	Keep a steady beat on an instrument in a group or individually. Copy a short melodic phrase by ear on a pitched instrument. Play using symbols including graphic and/or traditional scores. Use tuned percussion with increasing confidence and accuracy. Follow simple hand directions from a leader.

			Play using symbols including graphic and/or traditional scores. Create music which has different pitches and dynamics. Recognise the notes middle C, D and E on the			Start to use note names in written compositions. Recognise the notes F, G and A on the stave. Recognise the symbol for a minim and say how many beats it is worth.		
			stave. Recognise the symbol for a crotchet and say how many beats it is worth.			Follow simple hand directions from a leader.		
2 nd Half	Singing	> To descr music > To perfo	phrases, posture, breath and diction.	Composition	 ➤ To describe music ➤ To Perform ➤ To compose ➤ To transcribe 	Explore the different sounds one instrument can make (timbre). Create music which has different rhythms, tempi, pitches and dynamics. Explore how the interrelated dimensions of music can be combined to create a composition. Recognise notes CDEFGAB and C on the musical stave. Recognise the symbol for a crotchet, quaver and minim and say how many beats they are worth. Start to use note names in written compositions.		

Year 4 Abba 1st Charanga Half	describe music ident To that soun To compose To transcribe diffe ident ident Sing of a second of a sec	erent genres ntifying key elements t give it it's unique nd. g confidently as part small group or solo ng aware of posture diction.	Rap Charanga	 To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe 	Start to show changes in dynamics in their written compositions. Recognise the combined effect of layers of sound (texture). Recognise and talk about contrasting styles of music using appropriate musical language (tempo, dynamics, texture, timbre, structure.)	BBC Ten Pieces Hall of the Mountain King	 To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe 	Identify repeated rhythmic or melodic phrases in live or recorded music. Maintain 2 or more different patterns simultaneously in a small group. Create music with
	with confi	form to an audience in increased fidence. d and play some ditional music abols. by ear – find known ases using tuned cussion. ate simple rhythmic ompaniments to a gusing repeated terns. ome more confident ing note names in inpositions. ognise the notes BDF on the stave. ognise the symbols minims and crotchets say how many beats y are worth.			Explore the use of silence (rests). Recognise the notes FACE on the stave. Recognise the symbol for a quaver and say how many beats it is worth.			different moods using dynamics, tempi, timbres, pitches and rhythms. Start to use crescendo and diminuendo. Explore sounds to create particular effects. Recognise the symbol for a semibreve and say how many beats it is worth. Recognise the notes EGBDF and FACE on the stave.

Year 4 2 nd Half	Singing	> To describe music > To perform	Sing songs in a variety of Styles with an increasing awareness of the tone o their voice and musical expression (dynamics, tempo, reflecting the mood and character of the song) Sing confidently as part of a small group or solo being aware of posture and diction. Sing two/three-part rounds with more confidence and increasing accuracy.	Guitar Charanga	A	To describe music To perform	Play music that includes rests. Maintain 2 or more different patterns simultaneously in a small group. Play by ear – find known phrases using tuned percussion. Read and play from some traditional music symbols. Play to an audience with increasing confidence. Follow a leader, stopping/starting, getting faster/slower (tempo) and louder/quieter. (dynamics)	Composition	A	To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe	Explore sounds to create particular effects (timbre) Explore the use of silence (rests) Create music with different moods using dynamics, tempi, timbres, pitches, rhythms. Create simple rhythmic accompaniments to a song using repeated patterns. Recognise notes EGBDF and FACE on the musical stave. Recognise the symbol for a crotchet, minim, semibreve and quaver and say how many beats they are worth. Become more confident in using note names in written compositions. Start to use crescendo (getting louder) and diminuendo (getting quieter).
Year 5 1 st Half	BBC Ten Pieces Mars	 To describe music To Perform To compose 	Distinguish differences in timbre and texture between a wide range of instruments and instrumental music. Extend the length of phrases being played by ear.	Motown Charanga	A A A	To describe music To Perform To compose	Use a wide range of musical vocabulary to discuss and describe different pieces of music. Consider the interrelated dimensions of music when experimenting with sound.	Rock Charanga	A A A	To describe music To Perform To compose	Compare two pieces of music from different times and discuss similarities and differences. Perform a song from memory with attention to phrasing, dynamics,

		> To transcribe	Perform on a range of instruments as part of a group. Explore textures created by layering rhythmic and/or melodic patterns.		A	To transcribe	Sing confidently showing musical expression, communicating the mood and character of a song. Perform with an increasing awareness of musical expression. Read and play with confidence from a traditional score. Transcribe using a graphic score. Confidently show changes in dynamics in their written compositions.		A	transcribe	accuracy of pitch and for an occasion. Know what makes a good performance. Start to use pp, p, mp, mf, f, ff in their compositions. Begin to transcribe using traditional notation. Recognise the notes on the stave. Recognise the symbols for a dotted minim and say how many beats it is worth.
Year 5 2 nd Half	Singing	 ➤ To describe music ➤ To Perform 	Sing confidently in a wide range of styles showing musical expression, communicating the mood and character of a song. Perform a song from memory with attention to phrasing, dynamics, accuracy of pitch and for an occasion. Sing a simple second part to a two-part song. Maintain own part in a round.	Guitar	A	To describe music To Perform	Perform on a range of instruments as part of a group. Read and play with confidence from a traditional and/or graphic score. Extend the length of phrases being played by ear. Perform with an increasing awareness of musical expression. Know what makes a good performance	Composition	A A A A	To describe music To Perform To compose To transcribe	Consider the interrelated dimensions of music when experimenting with sound. Use ICT to create different sounds. Explore textures created by layering rhythmic and/or melodic patterns. Recognise and use notes EGBDF and FACE on the musical stave. Recognise and use the symbol for a crotchet, minim, semibreve, quaver and dotted minim and say how many beats they are worth.

											Confidently show changes in dynamics in their written compositions. Start to use pp, p, mp, mf, f and ff in their written compositions. Record music in a variety of ways (graphic scores/notation)
Year 6	Beatles	To describe	Sing confidently in a wide range of styles	BBC Ten Pieces	> To	cribe	Use a wide range of musical vocabulary to	Composition	>	To describe	Confidently use the interrelated dimensions
1 st	Charanga	music	with music expression.	rieces	mus		describe pieces of			music	of music to create
Half		> То	c. (: 1 . 1 . t	Winter	> To		music.		>	То	different compositions.
		Perform > To	Sing confidently in front of an audience.		> To	form	Record music in a variety		A	Perform To	Use ICT to create
		compose			com	npose	of ways.			compose	different sounds.
		To transcribe	Play longer phrases by		> To	nscribe	Confidently use the		A	To transcribe	Take inspiration from
		transcribe	ear.		tran		interrelated dimensions			transcribe	different musical styles
			Read confidently from a				of music to create				to compose
			graphic score.				compositions.				Recognise and use notes
			Take inspiration from				Perform with sensitivity				EGBDF and FACE on the
			different musical styles to compose.				to musical expression.				musical stave.
			to compose.				Maintain own part as				Recognise and use the
			Use the notes on the				part of an ensemble.				symbol for a crotchet,
			stave to transcribe.				Understand the use of				minim, semibreve, quaver and dotted
			Use rhythmic notation				the # (sharp) and b (flat)				minim and say how
			to transcribe.				symbols.				many beats they are worth.
			Understand the use of				Start to use the notes on				
			treble and bass clef.				the stave.				Understand the use of the # (sharp) or b (flat)
Year 6	Singing	≻ То	Sing confidently in a				Start to use rhythmic				symbols.
2 nd		describe music	wide range of styles with musical expression.				notation.				Understand the use of
Half		≻ То									treble and bass clefs.
		Perform	Sing confidently in front of an audience.								
			or arraudience.								

	Sing confidently as part of a two-part song. Maintain own part in a		Use <i>pp, p, mp, mf, f and ff</i> in their written compositions.
	more complex round.		Record music in a variety of ways (graphic scores/notation)